

H - O - H Water Technology, Inc. 500 South Vermont Street Palatine, Illinois 60067

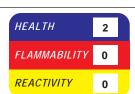
EMERGENCY PHONE No"s

847 - 358 - 7400 (H - O - H BUSINESS Hrs.) 800 - 424 - 9300 (CHEMTREC - 24 Hrs.)

HMIS:

4 = EXTREME 3 = SEVERE

3 = SEVERE 2 = MODERATE 1 = SLIGHT 0=INSIGNIFICANT



QUICKREFERENCE:

DOT:

HAZARD LABELING





PRODUCT	PRODUCT NAME	CHEMICAL FAMILY	DATE	Rev. No.	SUPERSEDES	EPA - TPQ	BY
IDENTIFICATION	C - 4 6 6	COOLING WATER TREATMENT	2 - 28 - 12	1	1 - 26 - 12	NA	

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL NAME		COMMON NAME	CAS No.	PERCENT	OSHA PEL	ACGIH-TLV	OTHER
COMPONENTS	SODIUM HYDROXIDE	LYE, CAUSTIC SODA	1310-73-2	8.9	2 mg / m ³	2 mg / m ³	OSHA Cel. 2 mg/m³
	SODIUM MOLYBDATE	SAME	7631 - 95 - 0	.95	5 mg / m ³	5 mg / m ³	NOT APPLICABLE
	ZINC OXIDE	ZINC WHITE, CALAMINE	1314-13-2	.72	NA	NA	NOT APPLICABLE

COMMENT

- 1. ALWAYS FLUSH CHEMICAL METERING PUMPS AND TUBING WITH WATER PRIOR TO AND AFTER USING THIS PRODUCT TO PREVENT PLUGGING.
- 2. THE D.O.T. SHIPPING DESCRIPTION FOR C-466 IS "CORROSIVE LIQUID, BASIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S. (SODIUM HYDROXIDE), 8, UN3266, PG II".

PHYSICAL	BOILING POINT (Degrees Fahrenheit)	215°	SOLUBILITY (in water)	COMPLETE	EVAPORATION RATE (water = 1.0)	< 1.0
DATA	VAPOR PRESSURE (in millimeters of Mercury)	WATER	SPECIFIC GRAVITY (water = 1.0)	1.151	рН	13.4
	VAPOR DENSITY (air = 1.0)	NA	PERCENT(%) VOLATILE (by volume)	NA		
	APPEARANCE and ODOR	DARK AMBER LIQUID WITH MILD ORGANIC ODOR.				

FIRE AND	FLASH POINT (Degrees Fahrenheit)	METHOD	FLAMMABLE	LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT		UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT	
EXPLOSION	NONE	NA	LIMITS	NOT APPLICABLE		NOT APPLICABLE	
	EXTINGUISHING MEDIA		SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTI	ING PROCEDURES UNUSUAL		FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS	
	WATER		CON	ITAIN SPILLS		SECONDARY REACTIONS	
	COOL CONTAINERS TO PREVENT RUPTURE. CONTAIN ANY SPILLS TO AVOID REACTIONS THAT MAY GENERATE HEAT.		NATURE AND IF SPI UNPREDICTABLE RE	IODERATELY ALKALINE IN ILLED, MAY CAUSE ACTIONS WITH OTHER S, OR CERTAIN BUILDING	NOT SUPP FIRE. IF C	RMAL CONDITIONS THIS PRODUCT WILL ORT COMBUSTION OR ACCELERATE A ONTACT WITH BUILDING MATERIALS, EMICALS, OR LIVE ELECTRICAL	
	THIS PRODUCT WILL NOT BURN OF PROMOTE FIRE.	R DIRECTLY	MATERIALS.		ABLE HEAT	OCCURS DURING A FIRE, UNPREDICT- , HAZARDOUS GASES, OR ELECTRICAL BE PRODUCED.	

REACTIVITY DATA	STABILITY STABLE X UNSTABLE	CONDITIONS TO AVOID	NONE KNOWN
INCOMPATABILITY (Materials to Avoid)		STRONG MIN	NERAL ACIDS, OTHER CHEMICAL TREATMENT FORMULATIONS, BROMICIDE (BROMINE RELEASE AGENT).
	HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS		R ORDINARY CIRCUMSTANCES. UNDER EXTREME HEATING SUCH AS IN A FIRE, DECOMPOSITION R, OXYGEN MAY BE PRODUCED.
	HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION MAY	CONDITIONS TO AVOID	NONE KNOWN
	WILL OCCUR WON'T OCCUR X		

SPECIAL STORAGE AND HANDLING OTHER **PRECAUTIONS** 1. PROTECT CONTAINERS AGAINST PHYSICAL DAMAGE. 1. NOT TO BE TAKEN INTERNALLY. 2. STORE IN A COOL, DARK, WELL-VENTILATED LOCATION AWAY FROM 2. NOT TO BE USED FOR OTHER THAN SPECIFIED PURPOSE. DIRECT SUNLIGHT AND OTHER SOURCES OF RADIANT HEAT. 3. KEEP AWAY FROM CHILDREN. 3. KEEP CONTAINERS TIGHTLY CLOSED WHEN NOT IN USE. NEVER MOVE AN OPEN OR LOOSELY CLOSED CHEMICAL CONTAINER. 4. <u>NEVER</u> MIX THIS MATERIAL WITH ANY OTHER CHEMICAL UNLESS AT THE SPECIFIC DIRECTION OF H-O-H PERSONNEL. 4. WEAR HAND AND FOOT PROTECTION WHEN MOVING HEAVY CONTAINERS. 5. TRIPLE RINSE EMPTY CONTAINERS BEFORE OFFERING FOR DIS-POSAL OR SALVAGE. $\underline{\textbf{NEVER}}$ REUSE EMPTY CONTAINERS.

HEALTH THRESHOLD HAZARD DATA LIMIT VALUE	21.6 mg/m ³ BASED ON A MIST OF C-466 IN AIR RELATIVE TO ITS PURE COMPONENTS.		C-466
ACUTE HEALTH	AZARDS	CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS	

ACUTE HEALTH HAZARDS	CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS	
TISSUE BURNS	NONE	
MODERATELY CORROSIVE TO ALL BODY TISSUES WITH WHICH IT COMES IN CONTACT.	NO CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS ARE INVOLVED. FREQUENT EXPOSURE TO LEVELS MODERATELY IN EXCESS OF THE TLV MAY PRODUCE SYMPTOMS, BUT IF EXPOSURE IS ELIMINATED, SYMPTOMS SHOULD DISAPPEAR.	

EFFECTS OF	SKIN AND EYES / TARGET ORGAN	INHALATION / TARGET ORGAN	INGESTION / TARGET ORGAN
EXPOSURE	BURNS	CAUTION - LOW LEVEL VOLATILE COMPONENT	STRONG IRRITANT
	CAUSES PAINFUL INSTANTANEOUS IRRITATION OF EYES AND EYELIDS. MAY CAUSE ULCERATION OR PERFORATION OF EYES OR EYELIDS, LOSS OF EYES OR EYESIGHT IS POSSIBLE. MAY CAUSE ULCERATION OF SKIN WITH SLIPPERY, SOAPY FEELING. BURNS ARE POSSIBLE.	BREATHING THE VAPORS OF THE CONCENTRATED PRODUCT OR ITS APPLICATION DILUTIONS MAY PRODUCE MUCOUS MEMBRANE IRRITATION, FATIGUE, HEADACHE, NAUSEA, OR DIZZINESS. IF PRODUCT LIQUID OR MIST IS INHALED, DAMAGE AND SCARRING OF NASAL OR BRONCHIAL TISSUE MAY RESULT.	IRRITATION OF LIPS, MOUTH, AND THROAT. ALSO PAIN IN SWALLOWING, STOMACH AND ABDOMINAL PAIN, NAUSEA AND VOMITING, DIARRHEA, AND POSSIBLE SHOCK. DEATH MAY RESULT IF THE CONCENTRATED PRODUCT IS INGESTED IN QUANTITY AND PROMPT MEDICAL TREATMENT IS NOT OBTAINED.
CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED	DERMATITIS, BLISTERS, BURNS,OR ANY PRE- EXISTING SKIN IRRITATION IF CONTACT OCCURS.	ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, EMPHYSEMA, OR, POSSIBLY, ANY OTHER CHRONIC RESPIRATORY DISEASE.	IF INGESTION OCCURS, STOMACH ULCERS OR OTHER PRE-EXISTING DIGESTIVE CONDITIONS.

EMERGENCY	SKIN AND EYES	INHALATION	INGESTION
PROCEDURES	EYES	CLEAR AIRWAY	DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING
	FLUSH EYES WITH WATER FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES HOLDING EYELIDS OPEN. GET IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.	IF LIQUID CONCENTRATE, SPRAY, OR MIST IS INHALED, REMOVE SUBJECT TO FRESH AIR. IF NOT BREATHING, GIVE ARTIFICIAL RESPIRA- TION. GIVE OXYGEN BY PROPERLY TRAINED	IF CONSCIOUS, DILUTE INGESTED MATERIAL WITH 2 OR MORE GLASSES OF WATER OR MILK. OBTAIN EMERGENCY MEDICAL ATTEN- TION. NEVER GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO
	SKIN FLUSH WITH WATER FOR 15 MINUTES. TREAT FOR BURNS. OBTAIN MEDICAL ADVICE. REMOVE EXPOSED CLOTHING AND WASH WELL BEFORE REUSE. CONTINUE TO WASH WITH LUKE - WARM WATER UNTIL THE FEELING OF STICKINESS OR SOAPINESS DISAPPEARS.	PERSONNEL IF BREATHING IS DIFFICULT. KEEP SUBJECT WARM AND AT REST. OBTAIN EMERGENCY MEDICAL ATTENTION. DO NOT LEAVE PERSON UNATTENDED. ENCOURAGE NOSE BLOWING, COUGHING, AND SPITTING - OUT.	AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON. INDUCED VOMITING IS NOT RECOMMENDED DUE TO POSSIBLE BRONCHIAL OR PULMONARY INGESTION. EMERGENCY MEDICAL ATTENTION IS REQUIRED TO REMOVE ANY INGESTED CAUSTIC AND MINIMIZE INTERNAL BURNS AND TISSUE

CARCINOGEN	NATIONAL TOXICOLOGY PROGRAM (NTP)	I A R C MONOGRAPHS	O S H A REGULATED
LISTING	NO	NO	NO

SPILL OR LEAK SPILLS AND RELEASES **PROCEDURES**

REMOVE ALL IGNITION SOURCES. VENTILATE THE AREA. NOTIFY THE APPROPRIATE POLLUTION CONTROL (ESDA) AUTHORITIES IF LEAKAGE ENTERS A SEWER OR IS ESCAPING FROM THE PREMISES. COLLECT SPILLED MATERIAL INTO SUITABLE CONTAINERS FOR RECLAIM OR DISPOSAL. NEUTRALIZE WITH DILUTE SULFURIC, HYDROCHLORIC, OR SULFAMIC ACIDS OR SODIUM BISULFITE. WHEN NEUTRALIZING WITH DILUTE ACID, BE CAREFUL FOR HEAT GENERATION AND POSSIBLE OVER NEUTRALIZATION

LEADING TO ACIDIC CONDITIONS.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHODS CONSULT FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS PERTAINING TO WASTE DISPOSAL.

CONTROL MEASURES	EYE PROTECTION	TIGHT-FITTING CHEMICAL GOGGLES AND FACE SHIELD.			
	RESPIRATORY PROTECTION	NOT REQUIRED FOR ORDINARY USE. DURING EMERGENCY CONDITIONS OR IF A SERIOUS SPILL OCCURS, AN AIR PURIFING RESPIRATOR DESIGNED TO ABSORB ALKALINE VAPORS (AMMONIA, AMINES, ETC.) AND CHLORINE SHOULD BE USED.			
	OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT	IMPERMEABLE CLOTHING. SAFETY SHOWERS AND EYEWASH FOUNTAINS SHOULD BE INSTALLED IN STORAGE AND HANDLING AREAS.			
	LOCAL EXHAUST	YES	SPECIAL VENTILATION	NOT REQUIRED FOR NORMAL USE.	
	MECHANICAL VENTILATION	NOT REQUIRED FOR NORMAL USE. OTHER VENTILATION NOT REQUIRED		NOT REQUIRED FOR NORMAL USE.	
	PROTECTIVE GLOVES	NON - SLIP ELBOW LENGTH VINYL OR RUBBER GLOVES.	PROTECTIVE CLOTHING	RUBBER OR VINYL APRON.	

REFERENCES

- 1. Threshold Limit Values For Chemical Substances And Physical Agents In The Work Environment; ACGIH, 1989.
 2. OSHA Safety and Health Standards: 29CFR 1900 to 1910, July 1, 1988
 3. Fifth Annual Report on Carcinogens; U.S. Dept. of Health and Human Services, National Toxicology Program, 1989 (Summary).

- 4. M. Sittig, Handbook of Toxic & Hazardous Chemicals, (Noyes Publications, Park Ridge, N.J., 1981).
 5. Community Right-To-Know Manual, (Thompson Publishing Group, Washington, D. C., 1990).
 6. Right-To-Know/Chemical Manual (ILLINOIS MANUFACTURES ASSOCIATION; Rooks, Pitts, and Poust, 1990).
- 7. Toxic and Hazardous Industrial Chemicals Safety Manual (THE INTERNATIONAL TECHNICAL INFORMATION INSTITUTE, 1975).

- 8. M. J. Lefevre, S. A. Conibear, First Aid Manual for Chemical Accidents, 2nd ed. (Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York, 1989).
 9. Hazardous Materials Guide; Shipping, Materials Handling and Transportation (J. J. KELLER & ASSOCIATES, Inc., Neenah, Wisconsin, Dec. 1990)
 10. Hazard Communication Guide; Federal & State Right to Know Standards (J. J. KELLER & ASSOCIATES, Inc., Neenah, Wisconsin, Dec. 1990)

REPO	ORTABLE	IF MORE THAN THE INDICATED QUANTITY IS DISCHARGED TO DRAINAGE (Sewer/surface water), AIR, OR SOIL, IMMEDIATELY REPORT AS INDICATED.				
QUAI	NTITY	CERCLA OR EPA (Extremely Hazardous) NATIONAL RESPONSE CENTER (800 - 424 - 8802)	STATE EMERGENCY RELEASE NOTIFICATION ILLINOIS (Only) 800 - 782 - 7860 (Consult for others)	LOCAL EMERGENCY RESPONSE AUTHORITY Record Telephone No. of Local Response Authority		
	EN REPORT FOLLOW	11,235 lbs./1170 gals. (Sodium Hydroxide in Water)	CONTACT	CONTACT		